1	2	3	4	5
14	Dowry Death	166	110	105
15	Molestation	341	346	226
16	Sexual Harassment	145	199	42
17	Cruelty by Husband and Relatives	944	987	746
18	Other IPC Crimes	16627	15854	14431
19	Total Cognizable Crimes Under IPC	28794	28756	25627

SOURCE: 2002 and 2003-Crime in India (Annual Statistics) Published by NCRB; 2004-Monthly Crime Statistics collected by NCRB.

NOTE: Figures of 2004 are provisional

Sale of Spurious Cement

†*574. SHRIMATI MAYA SINGH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether spurious cement is being sold in the market because of the non-inspection of quality of the product of the factories under public sector and private sector for the last many years;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether it is also a fact that spurious cement is openly being sold even in Delhi too; and

(d) if so, the number of factories situated in Delhi and in adjacent states and how their quality check is being conducted and the arrangements being made to check the sale of spurious cement?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) and (b) The Central Government has made Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) specifications for cement mandatory under the Cement (Quality Control) Order, 2003, in order to protect the interest of consumers.

BIS had granted 869 licences for manufacture of different grades of cement. Regular inspections are being carried out by the BIS twice a year for all licenses. 22 cases of misuse of ISI mark by non-licensees have detected and action initiated by BIS. In addition the State Governments have also been authorized to carry out inspections and monitor the quality of the cement under the above order.

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(c) and (d) No functioning cement factory is located in Delhi and no sale of spurious cement has been reported. The number of cement units and the number of cases for breach of ISI marks are as under:

Name of the State	No. of units	Production (In Lakh Tonnes) (2004-05)	No. of cases filed by BIS 2002-032003-04
Haryana	1 *		1
Rajasthan	14	186.60	2
Punjab Uttar	3	37.95	2
Pradesh	7	42.29	

*Closed
No cases have been detected in 2004-05

Crimes Against Women and Children

*575. SHRI RAJ NATH SINGH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what measures Government are taking to tackle the crime against innocent children and women at the national level; and

(b) whether Government have any plan to handle the ever rising crime graph in States like U.P, Bihar, West Bengal and Delhi?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MANIKRAO HODLYAGAVIT): (a) and (b) 'Public Order' and 'Police', as per the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India, are State subjects and, as such, registration, investigation, detectiorvand prevention of crime is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments. However, the Government of India has from time to time been issuing advisories to the State Governments to make concerted efforts to improve the administration of the Criminal Justice System and to take effective measures to control crimes against vulnerable sections including the women and children. In an advisory sent to the State Governments recently, the following advisories have been re-emphasized:

i. Crime prone areas should be identified and a mechanism be put in place to monitor infractions in schools/colleges for ensuring safety and security of female students;